

The world as we know it has changed

Global health crisis

40-70% of the world's population could become infected with COVID-19

Global economic crisis

Volatile global financial markets, supply chain disruptions, increased unemployment

Humanitarian crisis

Lockdowns, self-isolation, school closures, social distancing, travel bans

What employers are doing

75%Workforce (on average) now working remotely



57%Say there has been little to no impact on productivity as a result of new working



86%

Have put measures in place to ensure that people feel supported during this time



64%

Employers making adjustments to performance targets



81%

Employers making good use of social communication channels (Slack, Teams, WhatsApp)



Have conducted a listening exercise (survey, virtual focus group) in response to COVID-19



Source: Willis Towers Watson COVID-19 Employer Survey

@ravinjesuthasan

conditions

Challenges and opportunities COVID-19 presents for how we need to work today and beyond

percent of organizations that have taken action, planning to, or are considering

1 Responding with agility	63% redeploy (and potentially reskill) workers to support another function
2 Leaning into the broader ecosystem	20% borrow or lend talent to another organization
3 Virtualizing work and its implications	57% shift when work is done and where it is done
4 Digitalization and analytics	48% automate certain aspects of work to streamline and/or increase productivity
Balancing needs of all stakeholders, with many leaning into stakeholder capitalism	21% add new or additional ESG-related performance metric(s) to director short-term incentives this year or next

Source: Willis Towers Watson Readiness Plans for Resetting Business Operations survey of 514 global employers, April 22, 2020

A Perspective on the Future

- The new watchwords will be resilience, flexibility and agility over efficiency and growth
- For organizations, this means a sustainable reset
 - A portfolio approach to work (automation, gig talent, outsources, etc.)
 - Flexibility to rapidly pivot to reduce risk (work not being bound up in narrow siloes or jobs and less operating leverage
 - Increased decision making from the edges to enable agility
- Greater collaboration between companies
- Work flexibility will be the hallmark of the new deal with the promise of relevance over security

The great dichotomy:

- For workers a quest for certainty and stability
- For companies the promise of continued relevance and clarity

We believe there are five key principles for shaping an effective course of action



Understand this as a defining leadership moment



Adopt an agile and continuous learning mindset



Understand the perspectives of and engage all stakeholders



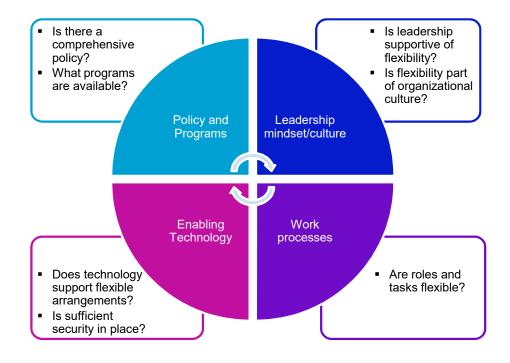
Promote employee and company wellbeing



Balance medium-term needs and longerterm business objectives

Reconsider Work Design – 4 potential action areas

- Sustainably manage the shift to flexible/remote working
 - Prior to the pandemic, 8 percent of all wage and salaried employees worked from home at least one day a week, <u>according to the Bureau of Labor</u> <u>Statistics</u>; about 2 percent worked from home full time. Today, we are at about 35%
 - Balance the needs of employees and the company



Reconsider Work Design – 4 potential action areas

- Rethink workforce strategy to incorporate contingent labour/gig talent while optimizing the role of automation in a responsible manner
 - Certain industries (e.g., distribution and logistics) are seeing a spike in demand and are resourcing that spike with talent from the gig economy. However, as organizations pursue the flexibility afforded by gig talent, it is critical that they do so ethically and responsibly
 - As organizations continue on their journey towards greater automation, it is essential that they do so in a responsible and sustainable manner that balances the needs of all stakeholders including workers. Instead of merely looking to replace humans with automation, employers should reinvent jobs to achieve the optimal combinations of humans and machines

World Economic Forum Principles for Good Platform Work

- Diversity and inclusion
- Safety and wellbeing
- Flexibility and fair conditions
- Reasonable pay and fees
- Social protection
- Learning and development
- Voice and participation
- Data management

Not "binary" anymore: the employment relationship is changing

A plurality of work is already here...and accelerating with the pandemic



Traditional employees



Outsourcing



Free agents



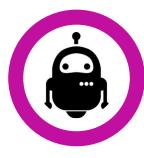
Alliances



Talent platforms



Volunteers

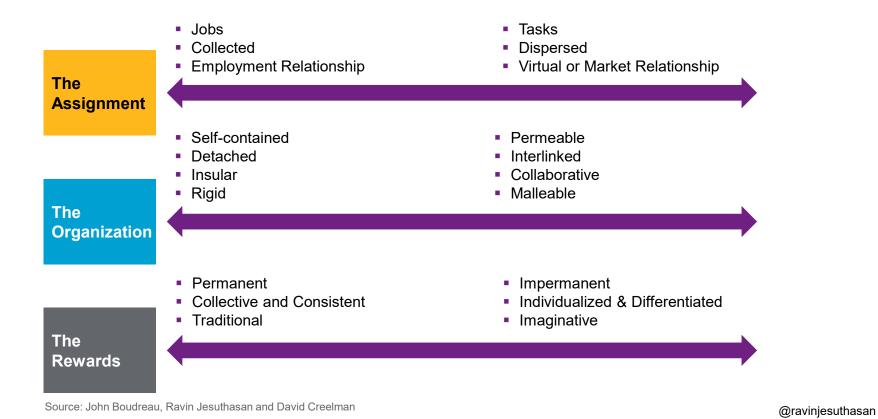


Robotics



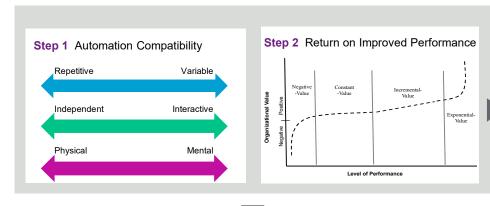
Artificial Intelligence

Lead the Work Map

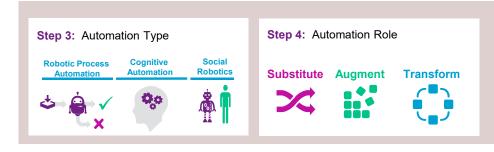


Optimizing work + automation

Deconstruct the Work



Automate the Work



Reinventing Jobs, Jesuthasan and Boudreau, Harvard Business Review Press, 2018

Optimize the Work

- RPA substitutes for repetitive, independent mental work to reduce mistakes
- Social robotics substitutes for repetitive, independent, physical work to reduce variance
- Cognitive automation augments variable, interactive, mental work to incrementally improve productivity
- Social robotics creates new variable, interactive, physical work to exponentially improve performance
- Etc. ...

Reconsider Work Design – 4 potential action areas

Consider a cross-industry talent exchange

- Re-deploy select talent with comparable skills from industries facing reduced demand to those facing a significant increase in demand for a limited period of time
- Significantly minimize the frictional cost and time associated with traditional employment transitions while supporting workers in developing new skills and new networks

Make progress towards your longer-term upskilling and reskilling agenda

- Learning is moving from the fringes to become a centrepiece of the employee experience; this crisis provides companies the opportunity to turn their commitment to continuous learning into a reality for all workers
- Take advantage of this time to identify the skills that talent in various roles should acquire to stay relevant and ensure they have access to the digital resources that can help them develop those skills
- Conduct learning with a view to rapid redeployment within different parts of a business

The World Economic
Forum estimates that by
2022, 42% of core skills
required to perform
existing jobs are
expected to change,
with over 133 million
new jobs created in
major economies.

Using work redesign as a response to the COVID-19 crisis

Automate



Insurance company redesigning Customer Service job to increase use of automation for 15% productivity gain in call handling

Use Non-Traditional Talent



Energy distribution company identified 8% of Advisor work to be moved to freelance talent

Make Work Portable



Financial services company redeploying reporting activities to central services and mobilizing agile teams for customer-focus

Shift the Where of Work



Utility company shifting field operations' data collection work to data center

Shift the When of Work



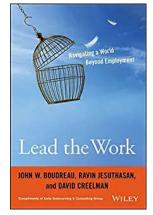
Technology company implemented new work schedules such as "same team shift-work" to minimize onpremise exposure risks

Borrow or Lend Talent



Airline baggage handlers moving to eCommerce logistics in talent exchange

Where to learn more



Lead the Work







Reinventing Jobs Our new Al-based platform to reinvent jobs WorkVue



The Future Chief **People Officer**



How the Coronavirus is **Redefining Jobs**

WØRLD ECONOMIC FORUM

HR4.0: Shaping People Strategies in the Fourth Industrial Revolution

Workforce Principles for the COVID-19 **Pandemic**